

The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 126.

INDIANAPOLIS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 6, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,190.

WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR WEDNESDAY.—Local rains and partly cloudy weather; south-west to north-west winds; decided fall in temperature.

The Best Stock of

NECKWEAR

Ever Offered by the

WHEN

Is on exhibition now. There are several new shapes this spring, and we show them in almost countless patterns of Silks from 25 cents to \$1. Call at the

When Clothing Store.

ITCHING

Skin Diseases Instantly Relieved by Cuticura.

TREATMENT.—A warm bath with Cuticura Soap and a single application of Cuticura, the great skin cure. This repeated daily with two or three doses of Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, to keep the blood cool, the perspiration pure and unobstructed, the bowels open, the liver and kidneys active, will speedily cure Eczema, Tetter, skinworms, Poriasis, Lichen, Pruritus, Scald Head, Dandruff, and every species of itching, scaly and pimply humors of the scalp and skin, when the best physicians and all known remedies fail.

ECZEMA TWENTY YEARS.
My gratitude to God is unbounded for the relief I have obtained from the use of the Cuticura Remedies. I have been troubled with Eczema on my legs for twenty years. I had not a comfortable night for years, the burning and itching were so intense. Now, I am happy to say, I have no trouble. Only the liver-colored patches on my limbs remain as a token of my former misery.
HENRY L. SMITH,
188 West avenue, Rochester, N. Y.

ECZEMA ON A CHILD.
Your most valuable Cuticura Remedies have done my child so much good that I feel like saying this for the benefit of those who are troubled with skin diseases. My little girl was troubled with Eczema, and I tried several doctors and remedies, but did not do her any good until I used the Cuticura Remedies, which speedily cured her, for which I owe you many thanks and many nights of rest.
ANTON BOSMIR,
Union Bakery, Edinburgh, Ind.

TETTER OF THE SCALP.
I was almost perfectly bald, caused by tetter of the top of the scalp. I used your Cuticura Remedies about six weeks, and they cured my scalp perfectly, and now my hair is coming back as thick as it ever was.
J. P. CHOICE,
Waltham, Mass.

COVERED WITH BLOTCHES.
I want to tell you that your Cuticura Resolvent is magnificent. About three months ago my face was covered with blotches, and after using two bottles of Resolvent I was perfectly cured.
FREDERICK MATTHEW,
23 St. Charles street, New Orleans, La.

IVY POISONING.
For all cases of poisoning by ivy or dogwood I can warrant Cuticura to cure every time. I have sold it for five years, and it never fails.
C. H. MORSE, Druggist,
Holliston, Mass.

Sold everywhere. Price: Cuticura, 50 cents; Resolvent, 75 cents. 25 cents. Pottery drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

THE CHAMPION!

The Latest and Most Improved Single Generator

GASOLINE STOVE

In the market. Lights Like Gas, and every burner a working burner. No fourth or auxiliary burner required. Saves 25 per cent. on fuel.

See Before Buying.

P. M. PURSELL & SON,
84 East Washington St.

Every One Knows

That no house in this State can meet our prices. As the largest Clothing House in the State, selling more goods than all other Clothing Houses in the city combined, manufacturing in our own factory all of our own clothing, and buying for cash our Furnishing Goods and Hats and Caps, it stands to reason that we can sell better goods for less money than any of the small houses. Our prices are always the lowest and our goods always the best, is shown by the way the people sustain us.

Our trade in Fine Custom Made Clothing has been larger this season than ever. Gentlemen realize that there is no necessity for paying enormous prices for Suits and Overcoats when THE MODEL can supply them with equally good goods, made, cut and trimmed just as well, at a saving of about 50 per cent.

We carry goods to meet the wants of all classes of people, the laborer, the mechanic, the business man, and in all cases guarantee our goods to be at least 25 per cent. below all competition. Men's Suits, \$4 to \$30; Boys' Suits, \$2.50 to \$10; Children's Suits, \$1.50 to \$10.

MODEL.

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters.

GENERAL NEWS.

How Representative Holman Is Respected in Washington—Municipal Elections in Indiana Yesterday.

A Building in Brooklyn, New York, Caves In and Then Takes Fire—Many Persons Roasted to Death.

REPRESENTATIVE HOLMAN.

The High Respect in Which He Is Held in Washington—Secretary Stanton.

Special to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The hardest worker I have met is Mr. Holman, and no member of the Indiana delegation is accorded larger respect in Washington. His own district, if possible, exceeds no other section of the country in paying him honor. His judgment is asked on interests from all points and rendered with scrupulous exactness. The industrial position he holds quickens State pride and he grows on the Senators as they near him. He not only has the learning in governmental affairs that results from long service, but the polite learning that would introduce him into any company, or solace his solitude that comes of close study. To him there is a sermon in the stones, music in running brooks, and more than bright emperured beauty in a bed of flowers. He is never in a hurry, and always hurrying; always at leisure to dispose of business as it comes up. To callers he gives every shining hour, and devotes himself assiduously to one of the largest correspondence in Washington at night. To have been twenty years in Congress, he must be much more than an ordinary man, and during an interview this fact becomes palpable.

Few can have forgotten that Mr. Holman was the New York Sun's candidate for President. Some people were disposed to treat this advocacy as a piece of insincerity. I remember that the subject once came up in a general conversation among a party of Democrats when Mr. Hendricks was present. "No," he answered, "I am disposed to regard Mr. Dana as candid in his estimation of Mr. Holman. There is much in his character and the history of his service to attract the admiration of such a man as Mr. Dana. Mr. Holman is scholarly, accomplished, and of all the legislators, one of the most careful. His Congressional course, in its fidelity to great interests, is absolutely above criticism."

Lately during an agreeable half-hour in Mr. Holman's office I asked him, "Are you intimately acquainted with Mr. Dana?" He laughed, knowing full well what was in my mind. "I merely know Mr. Dana," was the answer. "I met him frequently during the war, and once during his last visit to this city. By invitation of the gentleman at whose house he was stopping, I passed a most agreeable afternoon in his company."

"What was your impression of him?"

"He impressed me as a man of tremendous reserve power, whom I was forced to compare to Stanton." Everything relating to the iron Secretary of War possesses uncommon interest to me, and I inquired, "Do you believe, with some people, that Stanton was a suicide?" "No, I have never believed that. Stanton died of overwork, trouble and complete exhaustion. While a tyrant, remorseless in the discharge of a conceived duty, Stanton was a martyr to his country. I remember visiting him one day in the interest of a man originally from my district in Indiana, who had known some experience in the regular army, and who wanted a commission. This man had a history. He had disappeared from the community in which I was raised when quite young. No one seemed to know anything about him. That was long before the war. He had completely faded from my mind, when one day he appeared before me, made himself known, and asked me as an old friend (we had been boys together—I was then a Member of Congress) to go with him to the Secretary of War, saying that he had served in the regular army, in General Twig's command, if my memory is correct. I responded cheerfully, and an hour was fixed for next morning. When the hour came I could not compute the hundreds standing in line to see the Secretary, and I was in the line to see him. I had a fine opportunity for studying Stanton, and left his presence full of admiration for his wonderful ability. To one, an officer in uniform, the Secretary said: "Doctor, you are charged with having allowed a boat loaded with wounded and invalid soldiers, that arrived at this point early in the evening, to remain all night, the men dying of inattention, when a removal would have saved many a life. Instead of either seeing or directing them to the hospital, you sought a hotel with perfect indifference and did not appear until next morning. What have you to say?"

The Secretary stood erect, eyeing him intently, and every word seemed to burn. The Doctor explained with some fervor that he had been sick; that even on that particular evening his health was bad. The Secretary seemed to completely relax during the recital, but the Doctor halted, went back some months and came again, making, on the whole, a very lame excuse, with some impudence—indeed because of the defect.

"Have you anything further to say?"

"I believe not," answered the Doctor.

Instantly Stanton was a changed man. He had already assumed two distinct characteristics. There was a terrible fire in his eye. He became all fangs and claws. As with the paw of a wild beast he reached out both hands and tore the shoulder straps from the officer and then throwing them at him ejaculated in a voice that was fearful, "Go, sir, go! Away!"

My man was the next, and turning to

him, the Secretary asked mildly, "What will you have?"

"I came to ask for a commission."

"On what grounds?"

"Having had long experience in the regular service and having secured an honorable discharge."

"My man," evidenced soldierly training by straightening up in the presence of dignity. "Have you participated in any large engagements?"

"No, for the reason that there were no large battles fought during the period of my enlistment."

"Have you anything further to offer?"

"Nothing further than as a regular soldier I faithfully executed every command of my superior officers."

"First Lieutenant," said Stanton, addressing his clerk.

The next time I met my man he was in a First Lieutenant's uniform.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Dr. Hunter's appointment as Internal Revenue Collector is announced. The Vice President and a party of friends leave to-morrow afternoon for the seaside. They contemplate returning on Sunday next.

THAT PISTOL SHOT.

A Gentleman Who Saw Flashes From the Pistol Fired at the Presidential Train Monday Night.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—A representative of the United Press to-day succeeded in finding the gentleman who saw flashes from a pistol which was discharged in the out near Hanover, Pa., while the special train conveying Cleveland and party was passing yesterday evening. One of the gentlemen said, when interrogated:

"But very few persons heard the shots, but the gentleman with whom I was sitting and myself saw the flashes. We were next to the rear car—which was the President's car. After two shots had been fired, my friend, who was armed, reached back to his hip pocket for the purpose of returning the fire, so sure was he that the shots were aimed at our train, but before he could use the weapon we had left the man and pistol behind."

"What is your impression about the firing?" inquired the reporter.

"Well, I have no decided impression about it. All I can say is that I saw the flash of the third shot very distinctly, and could plainly distinguish that a man held the pistol in his hand. As to whether he was firing a salute, shooting at a mark, or meant mischief to the President or some one on the train, I can't say."

The general impression here among those who were on the train is that the man who did the shooting was an enthusiastic Democrat; that the pistol was brought into use to emphasize his patriotism. The President and party knew nothing about the firing until they reached Washington.

Passed for Promotion.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The examining board for the promotion of engineers and the admission of candidates to the Engineer Corps of the Revenue Marine has completed its labors. The following named engineers have passed for promotion in the order named:

For Chief Engineer—First Assistant Engineer Charles A. Laws and James Ogden.

For First Assistant Engineer—Second Assistant Engineer Charles F. Coffin, D. McFrenn, Charles W. Beckwith, Oliver Prentiss, James Fitzpatrick and Charles W. Monroe.

The following named candidates have passed in the order named for admission to the Engineer Corps: Philip Little, Harry L. Baird, Herbert W. Spear, Richard W. Chamberlain, R. D. Higgins, William Church, William C. Myers, James I. Brereton, G. N. Turner, Denis F. Bowen, Fred R. Falkenstein, Lincoln Lewars, Arthur G. Rose, H. U. Butler, George B. Naber, William Newbigging, New York.

Appointments.
WASHINGTON, May 5.—The President today appointed Stuart Taylor to be Naval Officer of Customs at San Francisco, and William D. Hunter to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth District of Indiana.

INDIANA ELECTIONS.

Voting Contests in Several of the Cities of the State Yesterday—Gains and Losses About Equal.

Special to the Sentinel.
GREENFIELD, Ind., May 5.—The city election held here to-day resulted in a grand victory for the Democrats. They elect Ambrose J. Herron, Mayor, over William J. Sparks, by 41 majority; Benjamin Porter, Marshal, over Robert Offatt, by a majority of 113; James Filipo, Treasurer, over John H. Binford, by a majority of 153; Quinn Johnson, Clerk, over Hamilton Strickland, by a majority of 70. They also elect Eliot L. Tyner and Fieldon Scott, Councilmen. John Huston, Republican, was elected Councilman by only 7 majority. The Democrats gained over 80 to 200 votes over the last city election. It is the first time the Democrats ever elected their city ticket. They are out to-night with a band and fireworks, celebrating. Republicans wonder what hurt them.

At Wabash.

Special to the Sentinel.
WABASH, Ind., May 5.—The city election passed off very quietly. A full vote was polled, and the Republicans elected Will S. Still, Councilman, First Ward, by sixteen majority; Nelson Zeigler, Second Ward, by fifty majority, and Charles S. Haas, Third Ward, by 132 majority; a gain of one Republican in the Council.

At Lafayette.

Special to the Sentinel.
LAFAYETTE, Ind., May 5.—The election passed off very quietly in this city to-day. The weather was rainy and disagreeable throughout, and a very slight vote was polled. Caldwell for Mayor, Welsh for Treasurer on the Republican side are undoubtedly elected. George West for Clerk and Peter M. Connelly on the Democratic ticket are

elected beyond a doubt. The Assessorship is still unknown, but Abbot, Republican, for Water Works Trustee, is elected. The Councilmen elected are six, two in favor of the Republicans.

At Shelbyville.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., May 5.—The city election held here to-day passed off very quietly. The following gentlemen were elected: For Mayor, D. L. Wilson, Republican; for Treasurer, William A. New, Republican; for Marshal, James Barrett, Republican; Councilmen—First Ward, John Byers, Republican; Second Ward, Charles Campbell, Republican; Third Ward, Daniel Deprez, Democrat; Fourth Ward, John Hardebeck, Democrat. This gives the Democrats a majority of one in the City Council.

At Terre Haute.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 5.—The Democrats achieved a glorious victory here to-day in the municipal election, electing every man on the city ticket, and five Councilmen out of the six. The majorities are: Kelsen, Mayor, 47; Fitzpatrick, Treasurer, 117; Morrison, Marshal, 118; Davis, Clerk, 399, and Watson, Assessor, 159. A year ago the Republicans carried the city by 599 majority, and elected five out of six Councilmen. The Democrats have a band out to-night, and are having a great celebration over their overwhelming victory.

At Muncie.

Special to the Sentinel.
MUNCIE, Ind., May 5.—The municipal election held in this city to-day resulted in the election of Frank Ellis, Republican, Mayor, and the election of John E. Banta, Democrat, Treasurer; George Robinson, Republican, Marshal, and two Democrats and three Republicans as members of the Council. Much interest was taken, and a full vote polled. The Democrats gained two Councilmen and Treasurer, and are jubilant to-night.

At Madison.

Special to the Sentinel.
MADISON, Ind., May 5.—The city election passed off quietly. The Republicans elect four out of six Councilmen. The Democrats elect Treasurer, Clerk, Assessor, Water Works Trustee and Marshal, a Democratic gain of Clerk, and the Republicans a Councilman, making the Council a tie, and a Democratic Mayor to decide.

At Connersville.

CONNERSVILLE, Ind., May 5.—E. K. Wetherald, Republican, First Ward, and Anthony Kehl, Republican, Second Ward, were elected Councilmen. The struggle was in the Third Ward and Austin Ready, Democrat, had five majority.

At Angola.

ANGOLA, Ind., May 5.—Owing to a faction fight in the Democratic ranks, the entire Republican ticket was chosen at the town election. The Democrats endorsed the Republican candidate for Clerk and Treasurer.

At Delphi.

DELPHI, Ind., May 5.—The Democrats elect all the city officers, but by greatly reduced majorities. The Republicans elect all the Councilmen, which is a decided gain over several past years.

At Monticello.

MONTICELLO, Ind., May 5.—At the town election here upon a full vote the Democrats elected their entire ticket by a majority of 83, the largest average ever secured in a square contest for all the offices.

A DEATH TRAP.

Fall of a Manufacturing Building, Followed by Fire—Several Employees Cremated.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 5.—Shortly after 9 o'clock this morning there was a crash at 55 Atlantic avenue, and people on looking up from the street saw that the roof of the building had fallen in and that a portion of the walls had fallen. They could hear the screams of people injured, and it seemed but a moment until a volume of smoke rolled up, showing that the building had taken fire. Hundreds of people—men, women and girls—were at work in the various branches of business carried on in the building, which covers considerable ground, having three wings, and which extend through from Atlantic avenue to State street. As soon as the crash was heard of the falling roof, hundreds of those employed in the building fled, or endeavored to make their way out by every avenue of escape which they were familiar with, and some who were late to reach the street, appeared with begrimed faces and blood streaming from wounds which they had received from falling timbers.

The excitement in the neighborhood became very great, and in a short time the wives of the men who were known to be working in the building, and the parents of the girls who were employed there, blocked the streets and wrung their hands and wept. Three alarms of fire were sent out, and the services of a large number of the police force had to be called into requisition to keep the

crowd of people out of the way of danger. It was reported at first that about 100 girls who were employed in the Milo Hynes Button Works, which was on the top floor, where the roof fell in, were killed, but there are other reports that most of these girls made their escape by climbing on the roofs of the adjoining tenement houses.

The building was occupied by twenty small manufacturing, and there were about 500 men and women employed therein. It was five stories high, and erected twenty-seven years ago. The wood work burned like tinder.

When the firemen arrived they found many of the young women at the windows, screaming wildly for help. Their retreat had been cut off and the firemen quickly ran up the ladders, but the girls were hemmed in, and many of them fell back into the flames before help could reach them. The inflammable character of the building hindered the efforts of the firemen. It was ascertained that the engineer of the factory, Daniel J. Lowry, was one of the victims. He was killed by the falling of the west wall of the middle wing on Atlantic avenue.

The cause of the fire was the overturning of the boilers of a soap factory on the second floor. The west wall of the middle wing on Atlantic avenue had settled. The workmen were screwing it up with jacks; the middle jack had been screwed too high and it lowered, when the whole weight of the wall came upon the two jacks at the ends, and it fell with a crash. Policeman McCormick, of the third sub-precinct, heard that the building had fallen. He ran thither immediately, and found that the boilers of the soap factory had exploded and that the building was on fire from the furnaces beneath them.

The firemen injured were Bernard Stout and Michael J. Grogan, of Engine 11, who were carried to the Long Island Hospital; Patrick Doherty, of Hook and Ladder 3, and Freeman Hanley. Their wounds were all scalp wounds, caused by the falling of bricks.

Among the employees known to be injured are Henry Warner, scalp wound and fracture of leg; Mrs. Henrietta Haas, wife of a shoemaker in an adjoining building, reported to have died on the way to the hospital; Miss Emma Hoar and her daughter, severely hurt.

Two unknown women were pulled from beneath the burning timbers by the Chief of the Fire Department, Mr. Nevins, and put into the shoe store.

When the wall that was jacked up fell, a number of men were at work at it. They have not been seen since.

Rosa Pantreide, an employee of Melo Aques, is among the missing. Edwin Butler was seen by his brother, C. W. Butler, to jump from the second story window into the street. He has not been seen since.

Four of the men employed by the Judd Manufacturing Company are also missing. Two women were taken from the second floor by firemen, who had raised ladders to the State street building.

Chief Nevins said, "I believe that there are at least twenty-five people in the ruins; there may be more."

The loss is estimated at \$300,000; insurance unknown. The building was owned by Nathan Cushing of Boston.

3 p. m.—Three bodies have been taken from the ruins. They were burned beyond recognition.

KILLED, WOUNDED AND MISSING.
Unknown men, charred beyond recognition, supposed to be David J. Lowry, engineer in button factory; unknown man, horribly burned, and no possibility of identification; trunk of a person, not known whether male or female. The fire had burned away all the outer coatings, leaving the vital organs exposed, while the limbs were gone, and only a trunk and fleshless skull remained.

Missing ones: Inquiries have been made for the following, who are supposed to be in the ruins: Berling, Conrad, Jr., aged twenty; Butler, Edward, aged twenty-two, New York; Clark, William, aged forty, residence unknown; Dene, Henry, aged fifty-six, of New York; Eggs, Fritz, aged twenty-one, residence unknown; Haffner, Henry, aged forty, of 195 Graham avenue; Johnson, —, residence unknown; Lowry, Daniel, aged fifty, of 55 Atlantic avenue; Mattis, Adolph, aged twenty-six, of 272 Hicks street; McGrath, N. John, aged eighteen, of 214 Bond street; Moore, Benjamin, aged thirty, of 752 Madison street; Gus —, boy in tin-shop, residence unknown; Paff, James, residence unknown; Peltier, John, residence unknown; Feeley, James, of 133 E. 12th street; Feinberg, Rosie, Warren street, near Hoyt; Higgins, Annie, residence unknown; McGrath, Mary, residence unknown; Duane, Aggie, residence unknown; Riley, Mamie, residence unknown; McKoon, Katie, residence unknown; Dorner, Thomas, aged 14, No. 281 Navy street; Lugg, Gustave, aged 20, No. 285 Pacific street; Legge, Wm., aged 43, residence unknown; Carpenter, James, aged 48, 214 Graham street.

The injured: Dougherty, Patrick, of Hook and Ladder Truck No. 3, was burnt about the face and head and received a bad cut on the head; Fay, James, fireman on Engine No. 9, fatally injured; Haas, Emma, slightly injured about the head; Haas, Mrs. R., aged sixty-eight, received contusion of the scalp and had her arms fractured; Hynes, Patrick, fireman on Engine No. 13, received two lacerated scalp wounds; Lynch, James, driver of a furniture wagon, leg broken; Munner, Henry, metal spinner, of No. 17 Park place, several slight scalp injuries; Murray, James, fireman No. 4 engine, foot crushed; Regan, Michael F., fireman on engine No. 4, contusion of the scalp; Storn, Bernard, fireman on engine No. 4 received a contused wound on his scalp; John Burns, injured in hips.

There were several others who sustained slight injuries, such as flesh wounds and bruised faces and limbs, but they were not sufficiently disabled to require medical attendance. The scene at the Police Station, where the three dead bodies which were removed from the ruins was a sad one. A bed-quilt was thrown over the bodies, and many people came to see if they could not recognize the unmistakable blackness. The bodies are all those of men. When the father of the missing boy, John McGrath, went to the police station he fainted twice, and when he was able gave vent to the most piteous moans. "Oh! Sergeant," he said, "do tell me, my poor boy, my only support, is not dead. Oh! bring him back to me." The man was setting delirious and had to be removed. His son has perished beyond a doubt. To-night Detective Daly arrested Frank W. Dillon, a house-mover, on complaint of Coroner Manning, for criminal carelessness in improperly cutting the girders and bolts in the building at 55 Atlantic avenue, thereby causing the walls to fall, thus causing many deaths.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS.

The English Public in General Approve of the Present Plan of Settlement of the War Question.

But Newspapers Say the So-Called Adjustment Amounts to Nothing but a Truce.

MAKE-BELIEVE.

The Adjustment of the Anglo-Russian Dispute Amounts to Nothing but a Truce.

LONDON, May 5.—The moderate papers and the public in general are inclined to approve the present plan of settlement, as it will allow England time in which to put her army and navy in perfect fighting order for a final struggle, which the majority believe certain to occur. The only fear expressed is that the Government can not sufficiently bind Russia to a solemn agreement not to advance beyond the frontier which, when settled, is expected to leave Zulfikar and Maruch within the Afghan lines. There is a sudden subsidence of reports in the papers, of armaments both here and in Russia, but preparations will probably continue on both sides. They will be less hurried, but for that reason will be conducted on a more solid footing.

The Standard, commenting on Mr. Gladstone's speech in the House of Commons, last evening, on the Afghan question, says: "No doubt is now entertained that the arrangement between England and Russia includes the surrender of Penjdeh to Russia. The statement regarding the cession of Penjdeh to Russia, published in the Standard, April 15, turns out to have been accurate, although the Government pronounced the report unauthorized."

It is rumored on the London Stock Exchange that the Earl of Dufferin has resigned the office of Viceroy of India.

The Globe of to-day says that the so-called adjustment of the Anglo-Russian dispute is a poor shift, which amounts practically to nothing more than a truce for averting a collision, and which will result in nothing but a transfer of the difficulty from Gladstone's shoulders to those of his successors.

Earl Granville, Foreign Minister in the House of Lords, this afternoon stated in behalf of the Government that he could conceive of nothing better than referring the dispute over the Penjdeh incident, involving the honor of two officers, to the decision of a third party in whom each side had perfect confidence. In this way the whole matter could be closed honorably for both sides.

In the House of Commons this afternoon Mr. Gladstone, in answer to questions, stated that Sir Peter Lumsden, the British-Afghan Boundary Commissioner, and Colonel Stewart have been ordered to come home immediately.

He was asked how it was that General Sir Peter Lumsden was recalled from the Afghan frontier by England, General Komaroff was retained there by Russia, and if these facts would not indicate a confession of wrong on England's side in the Afghan dispute.

Mr. Gladstone stated that there was no relation between the cases of Sir Peter Lumsden and General Komaroff. The latter was not recalled because he was in command of the Russian forces, while Sir Peter had been employed in a purely civil capacity. Sir Peter Lumsden, the Premier added, had not been recalled, but had been called upon by the subject, and in conformity with his own views, had been requested to return to England, as it has been decided to carry on in London the future communications with Russia about the Afghan frontier line. Both Sir Peter Lumsden and Colonel Stewart had been directed to come to London.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.
Liberal Victory in Spain.
MADRID, May 5.—The municipal elections have been marked by the triumph of the coalition of Liberals and Republicans.

A Bloody Fracas.
PANAMA VIA GALVATON, May 5.—On Sunday night last a fracas occurred between some Jamaicans and National soldiers in Culcebra. The latter were disarmed and afterward returned. After procuring reinforcements they returned and broke into the barracks, where the Jamaicans were sleeping, and in the most barbarous manner killed twenty-five of them and wounded twenty others. Only one Colombian was killed and none wounded. The Jamaicans are leaving in great numbers. Their departure will delay the work on the canal.

Bosphore Egyptian.
CAIRO, May 5.—Sir Evelyn Baring, the British diplomatic agent in Egypt, having raised objection to the resumption of publication by the Bosphore Egyptian, notwithstanding Egypt's apology for its suppression, M. Tallandier, the French Charge d'Affaires, has promised to withhold permission to publish until he has received further instructions from Paris.

Memorial Window Unveiled.
LONDON, May 5.—The Shakespeare memorial window in the church at Stratford-on-Avon, subscribed for by American visitors, was unveiled to-day by Mr. Howard Potter, of New York, on behalf of Mr. James Russell Lowell, who found it impossible to attend the ceremonies.

Peace Restored.
BERLIN, May 5.—Reports received from the Cameroons country show that peace has been restored there. The murderers of Herr Fautsch, the agent of several Hamburg firms, have been tried, convicted and shot.

One Body Found.
LONDON, May 5.—The body of one Japanese has been found in the ruins of the Japanese village exhibition burned in this city on Saturday.

Dead.
BERLIN, May 5.—Dr. Gustavus Nachtigal, the celebrated German traveler, is dead in his fifty-second year.

Eruption Subsiding.
NAPLES, May 5.—The eruption of Vesuvius is subsiding, and it is hoped this is a sign of its early cessation.